

**Homework No. 10**  
**Numerical Methods for PDE, Winter 2013/14**

**Problem 10.1: Condition number of the stiffness matrix I (15 points)**

Consider the homogeneous Dirichlet problem

$$\begin{aligned} -\Delta u &= f && \text{in } \Omega, \\ u &= 0 && \text{on } \partial\Omega. \end{aligned}$$

The problem is solved by a linear finite element method on a quasi-uniform triangular mesh.

- (a) Show that the stiffness matrix is symmetric and positive definite.
- (b) Show that the maximal eigenvalue of the stiffness matrix  $A_h$  is bounded by a term of order  $\mathcal{O}(h^{d-2})$ . Use an example to show that this bound is asymptotically optimal.
- (c) Show that the minimal eigenvalue of the stiffness matrix  $A_h$  is bounded from below by a term of order  $\mathcal{O}(h^d)$ .  
**Hint:** the ellipticity of the bilinear form may help.
- (d) Use an example to show that this bound is asymptotically optimal.  
**Hint:** you may use the following fact: the eigenfunction to the lowest eigenvalue of the operator  $A$  associated with the bilinear form  $a(\cdot, \cdot)$  is smooth and therefore, it can be well approximated by finite element functions.
- (e) Conclude that we have for the spectral condition number of the matrix

$$\kappa(A_h) \simeq h^{-2}.$$

- (f) What changes if we consider quadratic finite elements instead of linear ones?